

Documentation for module
scipy.linalg.umfpack

gendocs.py

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1 Module `scipy.linalg.umfpack`

1.1 Interface to the `umfpack` library

Contains: `UmfpackContext` class

1.1.1 Description

Routines for symbolic and numeric LU factorization of sparse matrices and for solving systems of linear equations with sparse matrices.

Tested with UMFPACK V4.4 (Jan. 28, 2005), V5.0 (May 5, 2006) Copyright (c) 2005 by Timothy A. Davis. All Rights Reserved. UMFPACK homepage: <http://www.cise.ufl.edu/research/sparse/umfpack>
Use `'print UmfpackContext().funs'` to see all UMFPACK library functions the module exposes, if you need something not covered by the examples below.

1.1.2 Installation

Example `site.cfg` entry:

UMFPACK v4.4 in `<dir>`:

```
[amd]
library_dirs = <dir>/UMFPACK/AMD/Lib
include_dirs = <dir>/UMFPACK/AMD/Include
amd_libs = amd
```

```
[umfpack]
library_dirs = <dir>/UMFPACK/UMFPACK/Lib
include_dirs = <dir>/UMFPACK/UMFPACK/Include
umfpack_libs = umfpack
```

UMFPACK v5.0 (as part of `UFsparse` package) in `<dir>`:

```
[amd]
library_dirs = <dir>/UFsparse/AMD/Lib
include_dirs = <dir>/UFsparse/AMD/Include, <dir>/UFsparse/UFconfig
amd_libs = amd
```

```
[umfpack]
library_dirs = <dir>/UFsparse/UMFPACK/Lib
include_dirs = <dir>/UFsparse/UMFPACK/Include, <dir>/UFsparse/UFconfig
umfpack_libs = umfpack
```

1.1.3 Examples

Assuming this module imported as `um` (`import scipy.linalg.umfpack as um`)
Sparse matrix in CSR or CSC format: `mtx` Righthand-side: `rhs` Solution: `sol`

```
# Construct the solver.
umfpack = um.UmfpackContext() # Use default 'di' family of UMFPACK routines.

# One-shot solution.
sol = umfpack( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx, rhs, autoTranspose = True )
# same as:
sol = umfpack.linsolve( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx, rhs, autoTranspose = True )
```

-or-

```
# Make LU decomposition.
umfpack.numeric( mtx )
...
# Use already LU-decomposed matrix.
sol1 = umfpack( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx, rhs1, autoTranspose = True )
sol2 = umfpack( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx, rhs2, autoTranspose = True )
# same as:
sol1 = umfpack.solve( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx, rhs1, autoTranspose = True )
sol2 = umfpack.solve( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx, rhs2, autoTranspose = True )
```

-or-

```
# Make symbolic decomposition.
umfpack.symbolic( mtx0 )
# Print statistics.
umfpack.report_symbolic()

# ...

# Make LU decomposition of mtx1 which has same structure as mtx0.
umfpack.numeric( mtx1 )
# Print statistics.
umfpack.report_numeric()

# Use already LU-decomposed matrix.
sol1 = umfpack( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx1, rhs1, autoTranspose = True )

# ...

# Make LU decomposition of mtx2 which has same structure as mtx0.
umfpack.numeric( mtx2 )
sol2 = umfpack.solve( um.UMFPACK_A, mtx2, rhs2, autoTranspose = True )

# Print all statistics.
umfpack.report_info()
```

-or-

```
# Get LU factors and permutation matrices of a matrix.
L, U, P, Q, R, do_recip = umfpack.lu( mtx )
```

Returns:

```
'L' ... Lower triangular m-by-min(m,n) CSR matrix
'U' ... Upper triangular min(m,n)-by-n CSC matrix
'P' ... Vector of row permutations
'Q' ... Vector of column permutations
'R' ... Vector of diagonal row scalings
'do_recip' ... boolean
```

Note:

For a given matrix A, the decomposition satisfies: $LU = PRAQ$ when `do_recip` is true, $LU = P(R^{-1})AQ$ when `do_recip` is false

1.1.4 Umfpackcontext solution methods

`umfpack()`, `umfpack.linsolve()`, `umfpack.solve()`

Parameters:

<code>'sys'</code>	...	constant, one of UMFPACK system description constants, like UMFPACK_A, UMFPACK_At, see <code>umfSys</code> list and UMFPACK docs
<code>'mtx'</code>	...	sparse matrix (CSR or CSC)
<code>'rhs'</code>	...	right hand side vector
<code>'autoTranspose'</code>	...	bool automatically changes 'sys' to the transposed type, if 'mtx' is in CSR, since UMFPACK assumes CSC internally

1.1.5 Setting control parameters

Assuming this module imported as `um`:

List of control parameter names is accessible as `'um.umfControls'` - their meaning and possible values are described in the UMFPACK documentation. To each name corresponds an attribute of the `'um'` module, such as, for example `'um.UMFPACK_PRL'` (controlling the verbosity of `umfpack` report functions). These attributes are in fact indices into the control array - to set the corresponding control array value, just do the following:

```
umfpack = um.UmfpackContext()
umfpack.control[um.UMFPACK_PRL] = 4 # Let's be more verbose.
```

—

Other contributors:

Nathan Bell (`lu()` method wrappers)

1.2 Functions